#### APPENDIX A - GROENLA VDIA DENSA SURVEY RESULTS

#### Site details

Site name: King's Island, County Limerick	Grid Reference: R 573 586
Vice-county No.: H8	SAC: Adjacent to 002165 Lower River Shannon SAC
Surveyor(s): Dr Joanne Denyer & Slattery	<b>Survey date:</b> 01/04/2017
Elevation (m): <5m	Solid geology: Limestone

### Site notes



: / Groenlandia densa

Special Area of Conservation non, which may be connected to the ditch. It is 3-4m wide and generally less ater was high at the time of survey and was slightly flooding adjacent wet grassland to the east of the ditch (Photographs 1 and 2). The wet grassland to the east is grazed by horses and the

embankment to the west is used for recreation (e.g. deg walking).

# **Protected sites**

This section of ditch is adjacent to the Lower River Shannon Special Area of Conservation (SAC)

## **Habitat type**

Fossitt: Drainage ditch (FW4)

Annex I: n/a (Vegetation has some affinity 3260, but the habitat is not a rive (or canal) and there is only a low number (and cover) of most typical indicator species. It is therefore not considered to be an example of 3260 as described in the Lower River Shannon SAC Conservation Objectives)

#### APPENDIX A - GROENLANDIA DENSA SURVEY RESULTS

## Population description

Groenlandia densa is abundant in a ditch section approximately 200m in length (e.g. Photographs 3 and 4). Figure 2 shows the main areas of *Groenlandia densa* plants (mapped using GPS). In the southern section of the ditch (where the transect was located), *Groenlandia densa* was present throughout the channel and only particularly dense populations have been mapped. The plants appeared healthy at the time of survey and had been present in the ditch during January, suggesting they had overwintered in the ditch.

GPS points: *Groenlandia densa* is abundant between the GPS locations R 57386 58700 (N) and R 57396 58521 (S) (red line on map)

Dense and frequent Groenlandia densa

Groenlandia densa GPS points

25 m

Figure 2. Location of main areas of Groenlandia densa plants mapped using GPS

### Associated species/ vegetation

Macrophytes growing with *Groenlandia densa* at the time of survey included *Chara vulgaris, Ranunculus* cf *trichophyllus* (not flowering), *Callitriche* cf *obtusangula* (not flowering or fruiting), *Glyceria maxima*, *Sparganium* sp. (not flowering), *Lemna minuta*, *L. minuta*, *Equisetum fluviatile*, filamentous algae *Veronica beccabunga* and *Iris pseudacorus* (see transect T1 for more detail).

### **Current management**

The ditch did not appear to be under any management. To the north and south of the section with *Groenlandia densa* (Figures 1 and 2), the ditch is infilling and overgrown suggesting that no ditch clearance has been undertaken recently. To the north, the channel is shaded by scrub and dense patches of *Lemna* spp. and litter dominate the water surface (e.g. Photograph 5). To the south the ditch channel is dominated by tall monocots such as *Typha latifolia*, *Glyceria maxima* and *Sparganium* sp. (e.g. Photograph 6). *Groenlandia densa* was not recorded from these overgrown ditch sections.

#### **Threats**

Infilling of the ditch due to lack of management, pollution from dumping of litter.

### **Conservation measures**

Regular (sensitive) ditch clearance, removal of overhanging scrub and removal of dumped material.

#### APPENDIX A - GROENLANDIA DENSA SURVEY RESULTS

#### Comments

Groenlandia densa was first recorded from this ditch in January 2017. There are no records from this ditch (or King's Island) in the Flora of County Limerick (Reynolds, 2013), A survey of rare and scarce vascular plants in County Limerick (Reynolds et al., 2006) or in the NPWS database (NPWS data provided March 2017). There are other vascular plant records in the Flora of County Limerick (Reynolds, 2013) from King's Island. The lack of records for Groenlandia densa in this location may either be because this section of ditch was not surveyed, or because the plant was not present until recently. As Groenlandia densa is present only in a 200m ditch section in a ditch that is otherwise overgrown with litter dumping, it may have been overlooked. Groenlandia densa can respond positively to ditch clearance, however there are no obvious signs that this section of ditch has been recently cleared.

### Groenlandia densa in adjacent ditches on King's Island

All of the ditches on King's Island were walked during the survey to search for *Groenlandia densa* and to assess the potential of the ditch to support this species. As described above, the ditch sections immediately north and south of the *Groenlandia densa* populations were overgrown with little open water. The ditch sections within the SAC on the northern and eastern boundaries of King's Island had some areas with open water (e.g. Photographs 7, 8 and 10), but there were few/ no aquatic macrophytes in these areas and other sections were overgrown (e.g. Photograph 9).

#### **PHOTOGRAPHS**





Photograph 1. Low area of wet grassland adjacent to the ditch which was slightly flooded at the time of survey (view to NW)



Photograph 2. Ditch with *Groenlandia densa*, showing embankment to west and flooded wet grassland to east (view to N)



Photograph 3. *Groenlandia densa* plant underwater in ditch



Photograph 4. Abundant *Groenlandia densa* (centre and top left) growing with *Callitriche* sp. and *Chara vulgaris*